Art. XV.—Description of a New Lizard from Northern Queensland.

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[Read 12th October, 1899.]

Hoplodactylus tuberculatus, sp. n.

Head large, oviform; snout rather longer than the distance between the eye and the ear-opening, once and three-quarters the diameter of the orbit; ear-opening round, half the diameter of the orbit. Body and limbs moderate. Toes slightly webbed at the base except outer two. Digits dilated as in H. pacificus, the length of the slender distal part about equal to that of the dilated portion. and nearly four times the width; about ten lamellæ under the fourth toe, all nearly straight. Upper surfaces: Snout covered with large granular scales, the rest of the upper surfaces with granular scales interrupted by numerous blunt, conical, smooth tubercles, recalling those of Gymnodactylus pelagicus in size and arrangement but less regularly disposed in linear series on the back, twenty four such longitudinal series on the dorsal region, tubercles small on head and fore-limbs, largest on back, root of tail and hind-limbs. Rostral twice as broad as high, with median cleft above extending nearly half way to the free edge of the scale; a pair of supranasals succeed the rostral, and are separated by a small scale in the median line; nostril pierced between the rostral, first labial, supranasal, and four small scales; 12 or 13 upper labials and 10 or 11 lower, including the smallest. Lower Surfaces: Mental smaller than rostral, triangular; three pairs of chin-shields, inner largest, outer granular scales adjacent to the labials much larger than the minute gular granules; abdominal scales larger, flat, hexagonal; a median series of wide scales under the tail. Tail cylindrical, tapering to a fine point, one fourth longer than the head and body.

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Colour (of spirit specimen): Ground colour of dorsal surfaces light purplish or pinkish-grey with dark brown cross bands, broader (on the tail much broader) than the interspaces of ground colour between them; the first of these U shaped, extending from the back of the orbit, behind the occiput to the orbit on the other side; the second, in front of the fore-limbs, three between the fore and hind-limbs, one between the hind-limbs and ten of gradually decreasing size and distinctness on the tail. Under surfaces uniform pinkish grey.

DIMENSIONS.

Total length	 	200	mm.
Head	 	28	,,
Width of head	 	21	,,
Body	 	60	,,
Fore-limb	 	31	,,
Hind-limb	 	42	,,
Tail	 	112	,,

Locality:—Endeavour River, Queensland. The genus has hitherto only been met with in India and in New Zealand. The present locality helps to bridge over the interval.

We are indebted to Professor Spencer and Mr. C. French, F.L.S., for the opportunity of naming this species.

The type specimen is lodged in the National Museum, Melbourne.